

# DATA MANAGEMENT

## EXCEL TIPS AND TRICKS TO SUMMARIZE DATA

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*Please download and open the Excel file:*

***<https://bit.ly/2VLMdUk>***

*(case sensitive)*



# DATA MANAGEMENT

*The presenter has no conflicts of interest to declare.*

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*(case sensitive)*



# Learning Objectives

- Demonstrate ways to format and arrange data using Microsoft Excel®
- Create a pivot table to summarize data.
- Use VLOOKUP to retrieve information from a table.

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*(case sensitive)*



	A	B	C
1	ID	Date Written	Last Fill Static
2	A8211	8/26/2020	10/2/2020
3	A4801	9/14/2020	12/1/2020
4	A5633	2/16/2021	4/22/2021
5	A5627	2/6/2021	3/1/2021
6	A1199	6/29/2021	9/16/2021

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	PT ID	DOB	ObservationID	A1c	Primary Insurance	Last Insulin Fill
2	A5633	3/30/1996	6255118	5.8	Humana PPO	4/22/2021
3	A8211	6/8/1991	8952402	6.2	BCBS Medicaid	10/2/2020
4	A4185	9/10/1966	1254798	6.1	BCBS Medicaid	6/16/2021
5	A4801	2/4/1952	9612090	8.4	Medicaid HFS	12/1/2020
6	A5627	5/10/1988	1114137	5.1	Self Pay	3/1/2021
7	A1199	9/22/1968	1991924	7.2	BCBS PPO	9/16/2021
8	A3311	6/17/1965	2341813	5.9	Humana PPO	2/6/2021
9	A3014	10/5/1990	7890682	8.0	BCBS Medicaid	10/7/2021
10	A3352	4/14/1960	3003214	6.2	Medicaid HFS	1/27/2021
11	A5285	8/24/1955	5378398	7.9	Self Pay	7/24/2021
12	A1866	8/8/1957	3861641	5.8	BCBS Medicaid	4/16/2021
13	A7168	10/17/1983	1388769	6.1	BCBS Medicaid	10/8/2021
14	A1198	8/21/1973	3003251	7.3	Medicaid HFS	6/7/2021
15	A9342	8/14/1984	1645981	6.3	Self Pay	3/8/2021
16	A3186	4/6/1968	3638689	5.4	BCBS PPO	2/22/2021
17	A9195	6/13/1977	4922070	6.0	Humana PPO	12/20/2020

- 

# What is Excel?

More than a spreadsheet...

- Computational Engine
- Machine Learning AI
- Pivot Tables
- Graphing

Insurance	Insulin Fills
BCBS Medicaid	5
BCBS PPO	2
Humana PPO	3
Medicaid HFS	3
Self Pay	3
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>16</b>

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	PT ID	DOB	ObservationID	A1c	Primary Insurance	Last Insulin Fill	Month of Last Fill
2	A5633	3/30/1996	6255118	5.8	Humana PPO	4/22/2021	4
3	A8211	6/8/1991	8952402	6.2	BCBS Medicaid	10/2/2020	10
4	A4185	9/10/1966	1254798	6.1	BCBS Medicaid	6/16/2021	6
5	A4801	2/4/1952	9612090	8.4	Medicaid HFS	12/1/2020	12
6	A5627	5/10/1988	1114137	5.1	Self Pay	3/1/2021	3
7	A1199	9/22/1968	1991924	7.2	BCBS PPO	9/16/2021	9
8	A3311	6/17/1965	2341813	5.9	Humana PPO	2/6/2021	2
9	A3014	10/5/1990	7890682	8.0	BCBS Medicaid	10/7/2021	10
10	A3352	4/14/1960	3003214	6.2	Medicaid HFS	1/27/2021	1
11	A5285	8/24/1955	5378398	7.9	Self Pay	7/24/2021	7
12	A1866	8/8/1957	3861641	5.8	BCBS Medicaid	4/16/2021	4
13	A7168	10/17/1983	1388769	6.1	BCBS Medicaid	10/8/2021	10
14	A1198	8/21/1973	3003251	7.3	Medicaid HFS	6/7/2021	6
15	A9342	8/14/1984	1645981	6.3	Self Pay	3/8/2021	3
16	A3186	4/6/1968	3638689	5.4	BCBS PPO	2/22/2021	2
17	A9195	6/13/1977	4922070	6.0	Humana PPO	12/20/2020	12



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Introduction

### **Challenges of arranging data in Excel:**

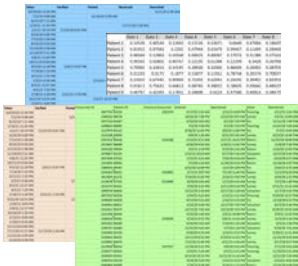
- User must define and maintain structure
- Data types are ambiguous, not enforced
- Slow with large data sets
- Cell contents are hidden by default



# Formatting and Arranging Data

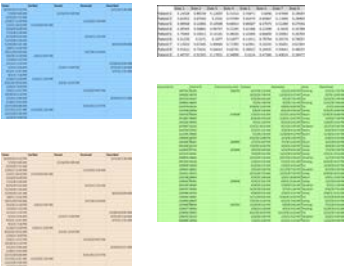
## Introduction

### Typical Workflow



Region	Country	Year	Value
Region 1	Country 1	2010	1000
Region 1	Country 2	2011	1100
Region 1	Country 3	2012	1200
Region 1	Country 4	2013	1300
Region 1	Country 5	2014	1400
Region 1	Country 6	2015	1500
Region 1	Country 7	2016	1600
Region 1	Country 8	2017	1700
Region 1	Country 9	2018	1800
Region 1	Country 10	2019	1900

Assemble




Region	Country	Year	Value
Region 1	Country 1	2010	1000
Region 1	Country 2	2011	1100
Region 1	Country 3	2012	1200
Region 1	Country 4	2013	1300
Region 1	Country 5	2014	1400
Region 1	Country 6	2015	1500
Region 1	Country 7	2016	1600
Region 1	Country 8	2017	1700
Region 1	Country 9	2018	1800
Region 1	Country 10	2019	1900

Arrange



Region	Country	Year	Value
Region 1	Country 1	2010	1000
Region 1	Country 2	2011	1100
Region 1	Country 3	2012	1200
Region 1	Country 4	2013	1300
Region 1	Country 5	2014	1400
Region 1	Country 6	2015	1500
Region 1	Country 7	2016	1600
Region 1	Country 8	2017	1700
Region 1	Country 9	2018	1800
Region 1	Country 10	2019	1900

Filter,  
Format Data



Region	Country	Year	Value
Region 1	Country 1	2010	1000
Region 1	Country 2	2011	1100
Region 1	Country 3	2012	1200
Region 1	Country 4	2013	1300
Region 1	Country 5	2014	1400
Region 1	Country 6	2015	1500
Region 1	Country 7	2016	1600
Region 1	Country 8	2017	1700
Region 1	Country 9	2018	1800
Region 1	Country 10	2019	1900

Relate,  
Compute



Region	Country	Year	Value
Region 1	Country 1	2010	1000
Region 1	Country 2	2011	1100
Region 1	Country 3	2012	1200
Region 1	Country 4	2013	1300
Region 1	Country 5	2014	1400
Region 1	Country 6	2015	1500
Region 1	Country 7	2016	1600
Region 1	Country 8	2017	1700
Region 1	Country 9	2018	1800
Region 1	Country 10	2019	1900

Visual  
Formatting



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Microsoft Guidelines for Organizing Data:

- Put similar items in the same column
- Keep ranges of data separate
- Position critical data above or below the range
- Avoid blank rows and columns
- Display all rows and columns in a range

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	<b>Excel Data Formatting and Arranging</b>					
2	Extracted:	9/16/2021				
3						
4	Patient ID	DOB	ObservationID	A1c	Primary Insurance	
5	A7041	6/26/1954	6489896	6.9	Humana PPO	
6	A7517	9/5/1967	9154796	6.9	BCBS Medicaid	
7	A3495	11/11/1989	7996850	7.8	BCBS Medicaid	
8	A9403	10/23/1969	9112538	8.2	Medicaid HFS	
9	A5212	2/17/1971	8560585	5.7	Self Pay	
10	A9854	6/14/1964	4125455	6.6	BCBS PPO	
11	A2277	7/10/1957	3702324	5.6	Humana PPO	
12	A1520	3/16/1993	2943682	6.2	BCBS Medicaid	
13	A1212	2/12/1998	8996416	8.4	Medicaid HFS	
14	A8272	4/23/1972	6785043	5.2	Self Pay	
15	A8203	2/8/1961	1894787	8.2	BCBS Medicaid	
16	A4370	10/26/1950	6191482	5.7	BCBS Medicaid	
17	A7303	7/18/1960	8117153	5.2	Medicaid HFS	

Guidelines for organizing and formatting data on a worksheet. Available at: <https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/guidelines-for-organizing-and-formatting-data-on-a-worksheet-90895cad-6c85-4e02-90d3-8798660166e3>. Accessed July 16, 2021.



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Introduction

### **Best Practices for Arrangement:**

- One observation / fact per row
- Define what each row represents
  - One set of demographics / settings per row?
  - Log of observations?
- Label all columns meaningfully
- Format columns as correct data types



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Best Practices

One observation / fact per row

Patient MRN	Time 1	Glucose 1	Potassium 1	Time 2	Glucose 2	Potassium 2
A9084	5:00 AM	166	3.7	1:00 PM	164	4.1
A2573	5:30 AM	231	4.9	1:30 PM	218	5.5

Patient MRN	Time	Glucose	Potassium
A9084	5:00 AM	166	3.7
A2573	5:30 AM	231	4.9
A9084	1:00 PM	164	4.1
A2573	1:30 PM	218	5.5



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Best Practices

### Define what each row represents

Order ID	Transaction Sent	Acq	Units
1	8/12/21 9:30 AM	\$ 5.55	90
2	8/12/21 2:36 PM	\$ 204.63	15
3	8/12/21 4:44 PM	\$ 151.96	30

One row per order

Order ID	Transaction Sent	Acq	Units	Transaction Type
1	8/12/21 9:30 AM	\$ 5.55	90	Sent
1	8/12/21 9:39 AM	\$ (5.55)	90	Reversed
1	8/12/21 9:40 AM	\$ 6.58	90	Sent
2	8/12/21 2:36 PM	\$ 204.63	15	Sent
2	8/13/21 10:42 PM	\$ (204.63)	15	Reversed

One row *per transaction* per order



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Best Practices

### **Label all columns meaningfully**

Guidelines for a good column name...

1. Accurate
2. Differentiates it from other columns
3. “Reads” at a glance



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Best Practices

### Format columns as correct data types

	Input	Correct Type
<b>Date</b>	"5/6"	5/6/2021
<b>Number</b>	1234	1234
<b>Different Decimals</b>	44.567	44.57
	97.1	97.10
	71	71.00
<b>Finances</b>	10	\$ 10.00
	5.25	\$ 5.25
	7.75	\$ 7.75



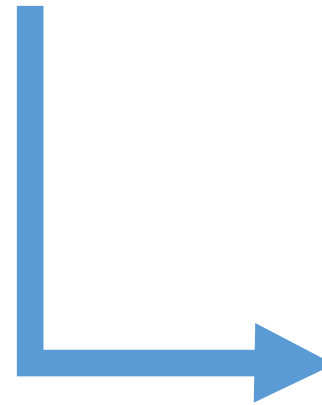
# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Practice

Vaccines Administered					
Week	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
7/18/2021	5	5	4	5	4
7/25/2021	5	5	4	5	5
8/1/2021	6	3	6	5	5

How can this table improve?

A: One observation per row



Vaccines Administered	
Day	Vaccines
7/18/2021	5
7/19/2021	5
7/20/2021	4
7/21/2021	5
7/22/2021	4
7/25/2021	5
7/26/2021	5
7/27/2021	4
7/28/2021	5
7/29/2021	5



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Practice

How can this table improve? One observation per row

Vaccines Administered	
Day	Vaccines
7/18/2021	10 Moderna
7/19/2021	9 Moderna
7/20/2021	10 Moderna, 6 Pfizer
7/21/2021	9 Moderna
7/22/2021	10 Moderna
7/25/2021	8 Moderna, 5 Pfizer
7/26/2021	10 Moderna
7/27/2021	10 Moderna
7/28/2021	9 Moderna
7/29/2021	10 Moderna



Vaccines Administered		
Day	Vaccine	Given
7/18/2021	Moderna	10
7/19/2021	Moderna	9
7/20/2021	Moderna	10
7/20/2021	Pfizer	6
7/21/2021	Moderna	9
7/22/2021	Moderna	10
7/25/2021	Moderna	8
7/25/2021	Pfizer	5
7/26/2021	Moderna	10
7/27/2021	Moderna	10
7/28/2021	Moderna	9
7/29/2021	Moderna	10



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Practice

How is the “one observation per row” structure helpful?

- Can create a Table
- Can create Pivot Tables
- Demo...
  - Go to Tab “Practice 1 – Table”

Vaccines Administered		
Day	Vaccine	Given
7/18/2021	Moderna (use up this lot)	10
7/19/2021	Moderna (use up this lot)	9
7/20/2021	Moderna	10
7/20/2021	Pfizer (use up this lot)	6
7/21/2021	Moderna	9
7/22/2021	Moderna	10
7/25/2021	Moderna	8
7/25/2021	Pfizer	5
7/26/2021	Moderna	10
7/27/2021	Moderna	10
7/28/2021	Moderna	9
7/29/2021	Moderna	10



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Formatting Data

### Types of Formatting

- Data Type
  - Number / Text / Date
- Visual
  - Presentation of Number / Text / Date
  - Conditional Formatting



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Common Formats

<b>General</b>		
General Cell with Formula	1234	
General Cell with Text	Text	
<b>Text</b>		
Plain Text:	Text	
Number formatted as text:	1234	
Formula formatted as text:	=1000 + 234	



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Common Formats

Number		
Number	1234.00	-1234.00
Number with Commas, Red Negative*	1,234.00	1,234.00
Accounting		
Dollar Value	\$ 1,234.00	
Dollar Value (4 decimals)	\$ 1,234.0000	

\* = Must use "Format Cells" menu 



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Common Formats

Date	
Short Date	8/10/2021
Long Date	Tuesday, August 10, 2021
Month/Day*	8/10
Month/Day (3-letter month)*	Aug-21
Only the day*	10
<i>The real value (days since 1/0/1900):</i>	44418

\* = Must use "Format Cells" menu 

**Live demo of formatting...**

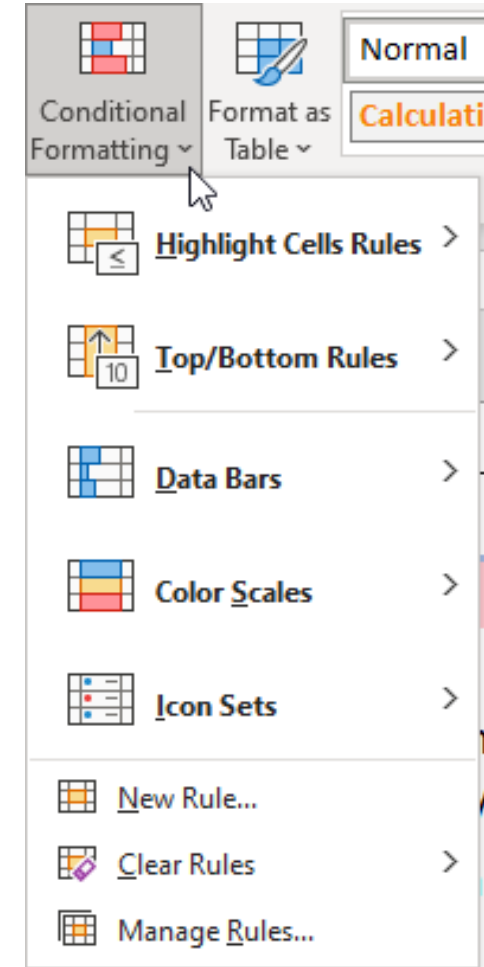


# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Conditional Formatting

### To apply Conditional Formatting:

1. Select range of data to format
2. Click “Conditional Formatting”, select type
3. To customize, click Conditional Formatting again
  - A. Click “Manage Rules...” and change settings



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Conditional Formatting

### Uses for Conditional Formatting

- Make large datasets comprehensible
- Create a color-based filter
- Highlight noteworthy values and alerts
- Find duplicate values



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Conditional Formatting

### Text

---

Equals "Ertapenem"
cefazolin
levofloxacin
ertapenem
imipenem/cilastatin
cephalexin
Cellcept
meropenem

Contains "penem"
cefazolin
levofloxacin
ertapenem
imipenem/cilastatin
cephalexin
Cellcept
meropenem

Contains "ce*in"
cefazolin
levofloxacin
ertapenem
imipenem/cilastatin
cephalexin
Cellcept
meropenem

*\* = Zero to many wildcards*

Contains "ce?in"
cefazolin
levofloxacin
ertapenem
imipenem/cilastatin
cephalexin
Cellcept
meropenem

*? = One wildcard*



# Formatting and Arranging Data

## Conditional Formatting

### Numbers

Data Bars	
<div></div>	7
<div></div>	6
<div></div>	5
<div></div>	4
<div></div>	3
<div></div>	2
<div></div>	1

Color Scales	
	7
	6
	5
	4
	3
	2
	1

Icon Sets	
<div></div>	100%
<div></div>	75%
<div></div>	50%
<div></div>	25%
<div></div>	0%
<div></div>	-25%
<div></div>	-50%

Duplicate values	
	1
	1
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6



# Pivot Tables

## Uses for Pivot Tables

- Summarize data
- Reformat data
- Find outliers
- Target subsets of data



# Pivot Tables

## Anatomy of a Pivot Table

Filter

Columns

Rows

Values

Site A				
Sum of Given	Column Label:			
Row Labels	Moderna	Pfizer	Grand Total	
Jan	460	212	672	
Feb	364	206	570	
Mar	467	200	667	
Apr	435	187	622	
May	413	214	627	
Jun	370	189	559	
Jul	425	229	654	
Aug	168	66	234	
Grand Total	3102	1503	4605	



# Pivot Tables

Note that filters may be in multiple locations.

(O365 Version Pictured)

K	L	M	N
Site	A		
Sum of Given	Column Labels		
Row Labels	Moderna	Pfizer	Grand Total
+ Jan	460	212	672
+ Feb	364	206	570
+ Mar	467	200	667
+ Apr	435	187	622
+ May	413	214	627
+ Jun	370	189	559
+ Jul	425	229	654
+ Aug	168	66	234
Grand Total	3102	1503	4605

### PivotTable Fields

Choose fields to add to report:

Search

- ☒ Day
- ☒ Site
- ☒ Vaccine
- ☒ Given
- ☐ No-Shows
- ☒ Months

More Tables...



# Pivot Tables

## Live demo:

- Basic Setup
- “Rule of Two” for beginners
- Sum vs Count
- Totals
- Changing Layout



# Pivot Tables

## Practice

Open Excel tab “Practice 2 – Pivot Table”



**Solve: How many Moderna vaccines were given in July?**

Discussion and live solution in 3 minutes.



# VLOOKUP

Used to extract *Relational Data*



Units Ordered	Fruit Ordered	Unit Price	Order Price		Fruit	Price Per Unit
1	Oranges	VLOOKUP			Apples	\$5
3	Oranges				Oranges	\$10
2	Bananas				Bananas	\$20
3	Apples					
2	Oranges					
2	Bananas					
3	Bananas					
3	Bananas					
1	Bananas					



# VLOOKUP

Used to extract *Relational Data*

Units Ordered	Fruit Ordered	Unit Price	Order Price		Fruit	Price Per Unit
1	Oranges	\$ 5	\$ 5		Apples	\$5
3	Oranges	\$ 5	\$ 15		Oranges	\$10
2	Bananas	\$ 20	\$ 40		Bananas	\$20
3	Apples					
2	Oranges					
2	Bananas					
3	Bananas					
3	Bananas					
1	Bananas					



# VLOOKUP

## Equation

B				F	G
Units Ordered	Fruit Ordered	Unit Price	Order Price	Fruit	Price Per Unit
1	Oranges	=VLOOKUP(B2,F:G,2,FALSE		Apples	\$5
3	Oranges	VLOOKUP(lookup_value, table_array, col_index_num, [range_lookup])		Oranges	\$10
2	Bananas			Bananas	\$20
3	Apples				

**lookup\_value:** cell holding the *key* value

**table\_array:** range of data with *key* on left side

**col\_index\_num:** column containing data to pull. 1 = First Column.

**[range\_lookup]:** optional method to use to search. Use FALSE.



# VLOOKUP

## Common Pitfall: Different data types for keys



Numbers as Text	VLOOKUP Name
1	#N/A
2	#N/A
3	#N/A
4	#N/A
5	#N/A
6	#N/A
7	#N/A



Number	Name
1	One
2	Two
3	Three
4	Four
5	Five
6	Six
7	Seven

Convert Text to Columns Wizard - Step 3 of 3

This screen lets you select each column and set the Data Format.

Column data format

☒ General  
☐ Text  
☐ Date: MDY  
☐ Do not import column (skip)

'General' converts numeric values to numbers, date values to dates, and all remaining values to text.

Advanced...

Destination: \$I\$27

Data preview

General

1  
2  
3  
4  
5

Cancel < Back Next > Finish

**Solution:** Convert “Numbers as Text” to general data using **Text to Columns**.



# VLOOKUP

## Practice

Open Excel tab “Practice 3 – VLOOKUP”

Work on the three problems.

Collaborate with neighbors.

Group Discussion in 5 minutes.



## Assessment Question #1

A user is copying and pasting a new and different type of data into a spreadsheet in Excel. Which of the following describes the best location to place the new data?

- A. In a new tab or more than one blank row and column away from existing data.
- B. At the end of the existing data, with extra columns added to the original table if needed.
- C. Filter the existing data so that the keys match that of the new data then paste immediately next to the filtered table.
- D. Rather than pasting the data, the user should link between the documents

## Assessment Question #2

The pharmacy is investigating the cost and effectiveness of a new initiative to counsel patients on a medication before discharge. Assuming that each attempt to find the patient in-room and counsel them is tracked on an Excel sheet, what is the best way to record this data?

- A. Each patient should have one row of data and each attempt will be a new set of columns.
- B. Each attempt should be its own row, with the patient, time recorded and results for each entry.
- C. Each patient should have one row that shows the time of the latest attempt and its results.
- D. Record the successful attempts in new rows in one table and unsuccessful attempts in another table with the same column names

### Assessment Question #3

If a user wants to summarize only one group of values out of the larger dataset using a pivot table, what is the best part of the pivot table to adjust?

- A. Values
- B. Rows
- C. Columns
- D. Filter

## Assessment Question #4

A VLOOKUP equation is not working - it is returning a value of #N/A. The user has verified that the equation is pointing to the correct “lookup\_value” and “table\_array” and that the key being looked up is in both. What is the most likely reason why the VLOOKUP is not working?

- A. The key may be formatted as a text value in one area and a number value in the other.
- B. The available memory is low therefore VLOOKUP will not calculate correctly at this time.
- C. VLOOKUP is not the correct formula to use in this situation.
- D. VLOOKUP can only search a limited number of cells in a table.

## Assessment Question #5

In the following VLOOKUP equation, which column holds the value that will be returned by the equation?

VLOOKUP(A1, B:C, 2, FALSE)

- a. A
- b. B
- c. C
- d. D

# References

- McFedries P. *Microsoft Excel 2019 Formulas and Functions*. Microsoft Press; 2019.
- Harvey G. *Excel 2019 All-in-One For Dummies*. John Wiley & Sons; 2018.
- Guidelines for organizing and formatting data on a worksheet. Available at: <https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/office/guidelines-for-organizing-and-formatting-data-on-a-worksheet-90895cad-6c85-4e02-90d3-8798660166e3>. Accessed July 16, 2021.



# Data Management: Excel Tips and Tricks to Summarize Data

**CE Code: X5131**

**You will need this code to claim credit on CESally.com.**

**See the directions in the Syllabus.**